



3rd Stir Bar Sorptive Extraction

Technical Meeting, Paris

RESEARCH & INNOVATION

Iodinated phenols monitoring by SBSE-GC/MS

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Veolia Research & Innovation

Outlines



Fate of iodine during water disinfection

Iodinated halophenols monitoring at low ppt level

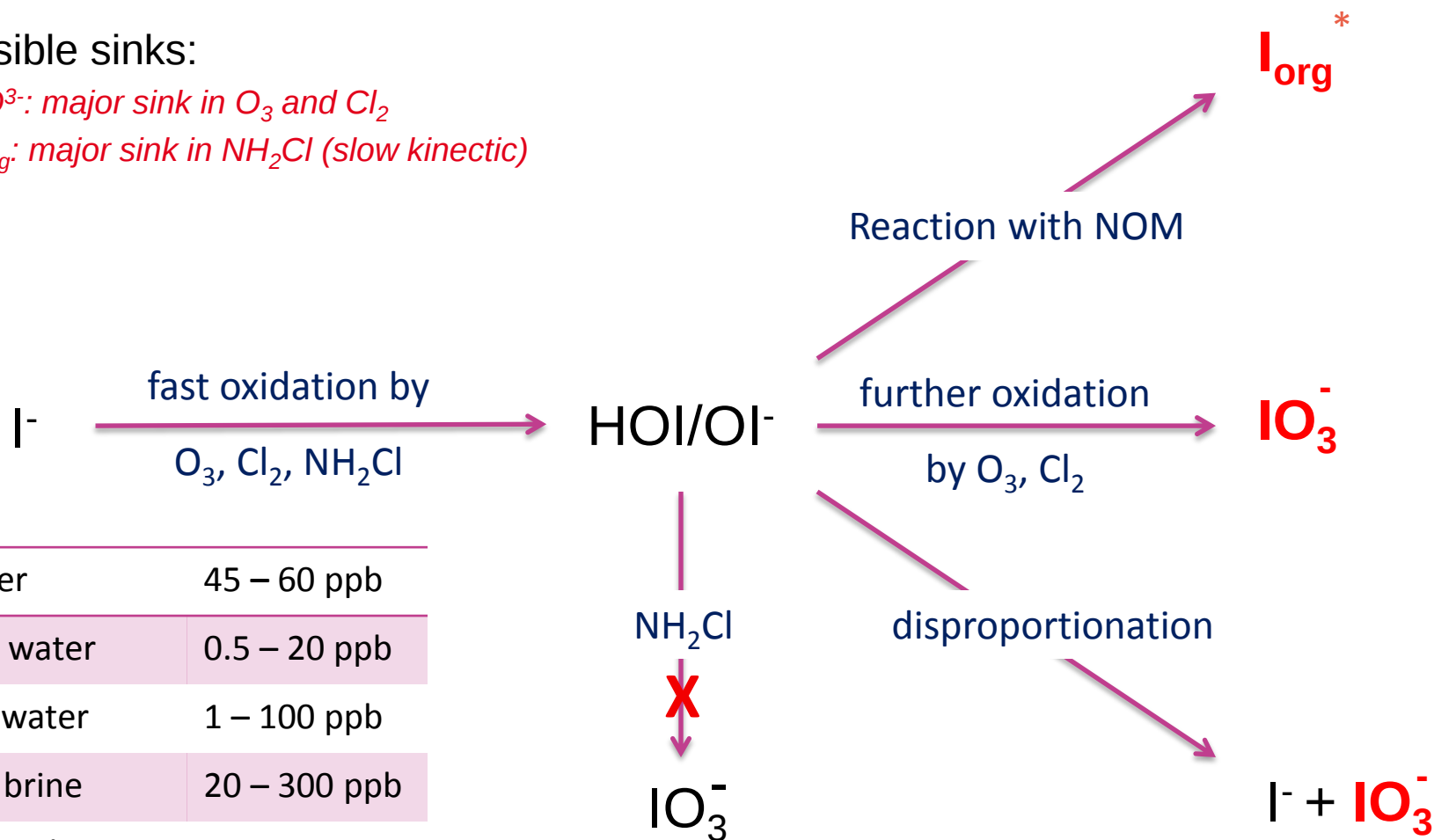
Application to natural and model waters

Conclusions & outlooks

Fate of iodine during oxidative processes

- Possible sinks:

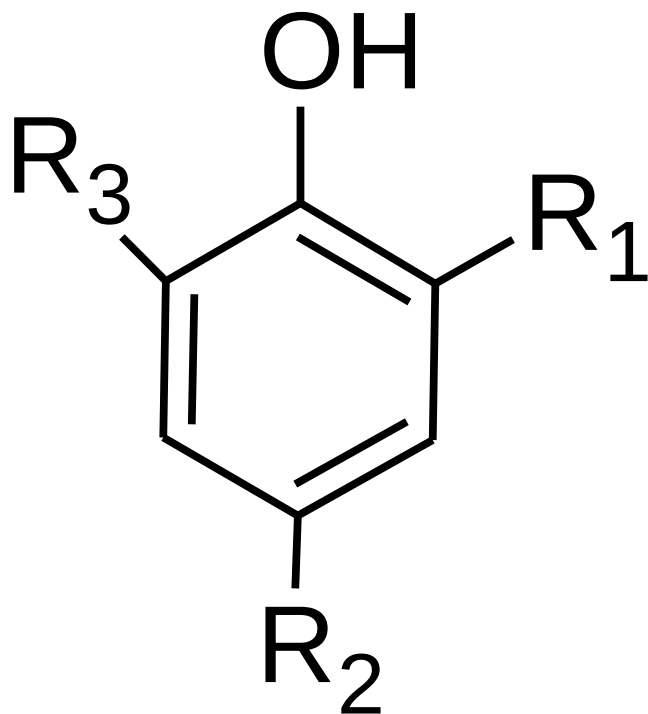
- IO_3^- : major sink in O_3 and Cl_2
- I_{org} : major sink in NH_2Cl (slow kinetic)



Seawater	45 – 60 ppb
Surface water	0.5 – 20 ppb
Groundwater	1 – 100 ppb
Oilfield brine	20 – 300 ppb
Marine sediments	3 – 400 ppm

Iodinated phenols

- Electron donating capacity of the hydroxyl group
- Electrophilic regio-selective substitution with electrophiles (e.g., Cl^+ , Br^+ , I^+)
- *Ortho* & *para* substitution (4 resonance structures vs meta: only 3)



- ❖ **pKa:** 6 to 8.5
- ❖ **Organic Threshold Concentration :** 1 ppb
- ❖ **Descriptors:** Chemical, phenolic, medicinal
- ❖ **Ecotox:** LD50 triiodophenol (fish) 1.2 ppm

- R_1 , R_2 et R_3 : H and/or halogen (I , Cl , Br)

Goals

- New analytical method for the of I-halophenols

- ❖ 23 congeners of interest
- ❖ Only 9 available (5 via outsourcing in USA)
- ❖ Iodophenol mono, di et trisubstituted
- ❖ 3 congeners I-Cl-Br

- SBSE-GC/MS
- Study the occurrence of I-halophenols during oxidative drinking water treatment

Iodinated phenols monitoring



Iodinated phenols monitoring at ppt level with GC/MS

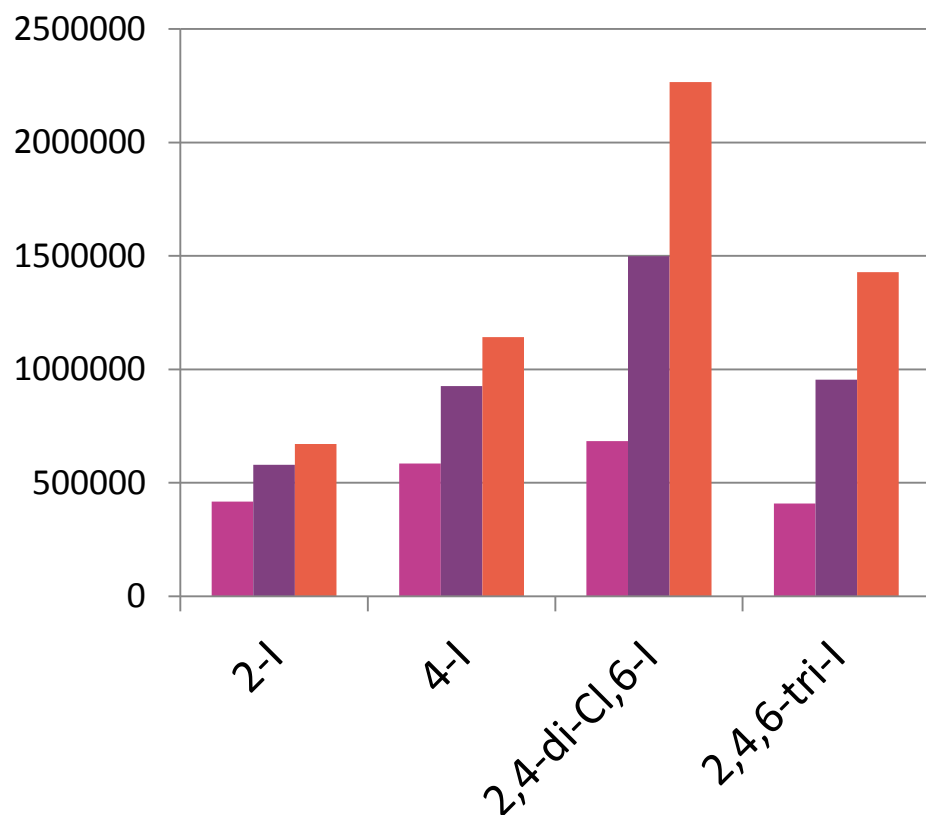
SBSE optimization

- Extraction
 - *Chemical modification: Acylation (acetic anhydride + K_2CO_3)*
 - *Phase ratio: sample volume/PDMS volume (fixed PDMS volume 126 μ L)*
 - *Organic modifier*
 - *Extraction time*
 - *Multiple extraction: multishot*
- Thermal desorption-GC/MS
 - *Desorption temperature*
 - *Desorption flow*
 - *Desorption time*
 - *Cryofocalisation temperature*
- Conditionning and re-use of stir bars: internal procedure

SBSE optimization: extraction

Phases ratio (β)

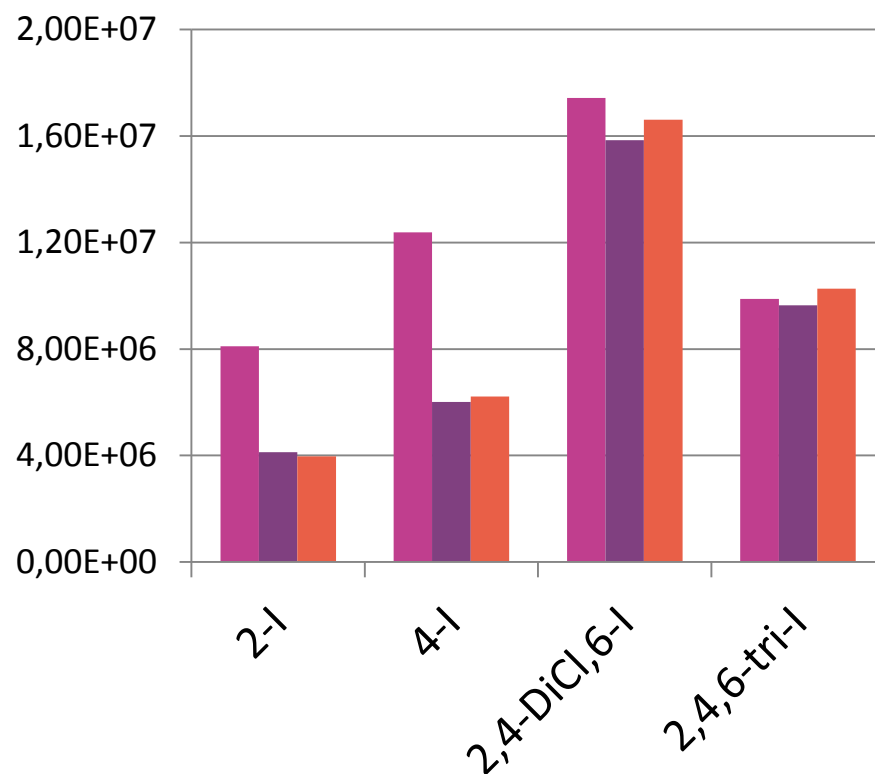
■ 159 ■ 397 ■ 794



100 mL sample

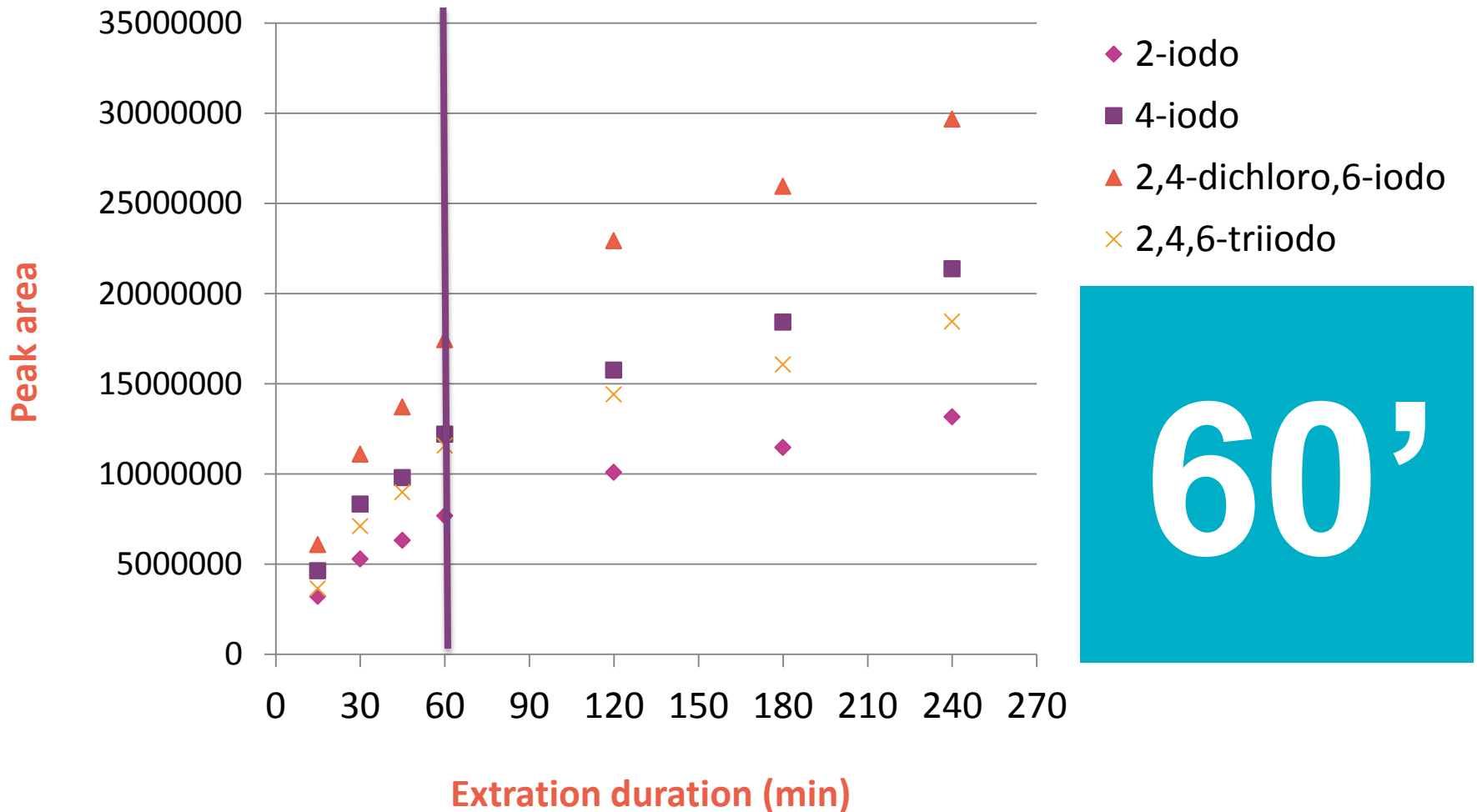
Organic modifier content (MeOH)

■ 0% ■ 5% ■ 10%

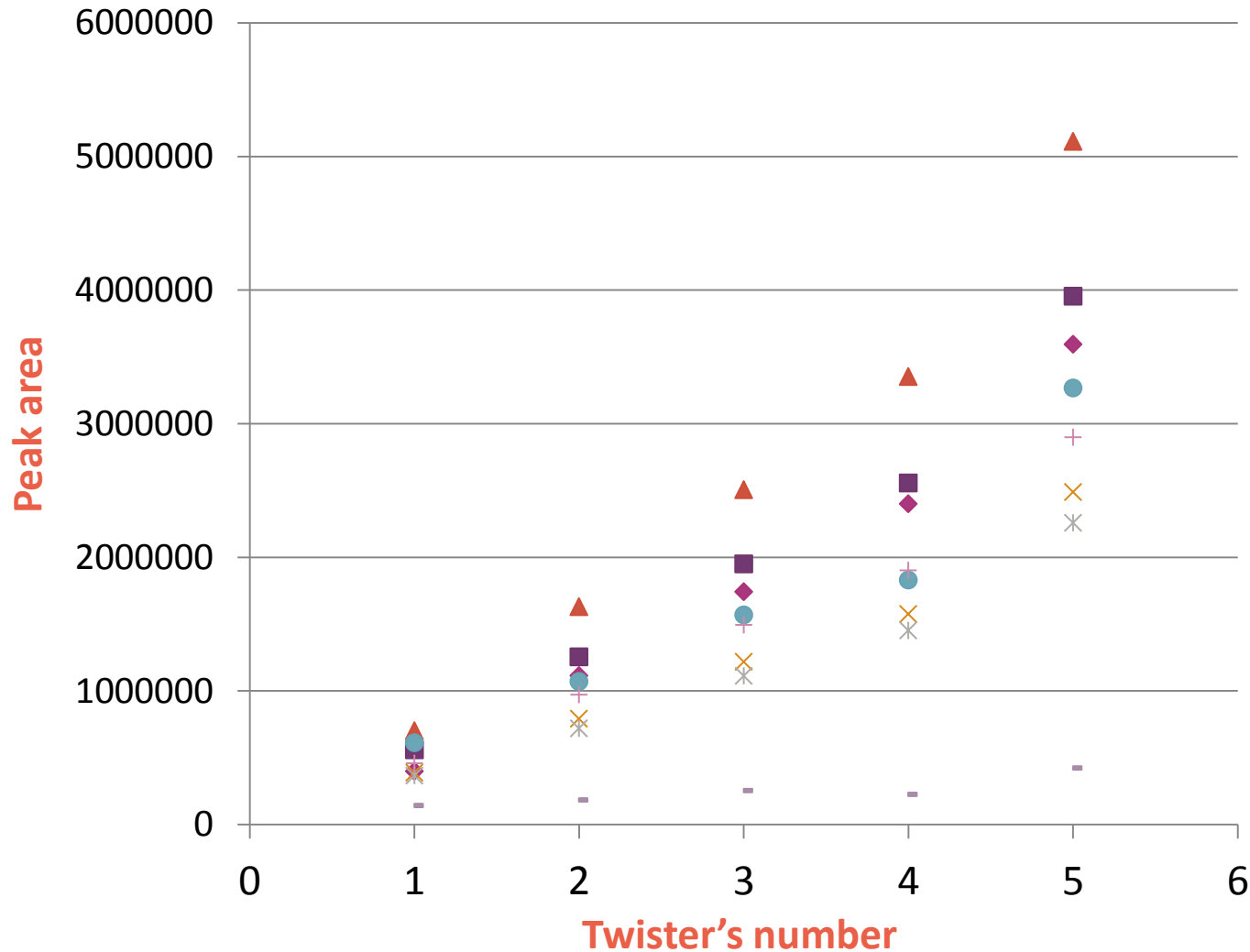


no organic modifier

SBSE optimization: extraction

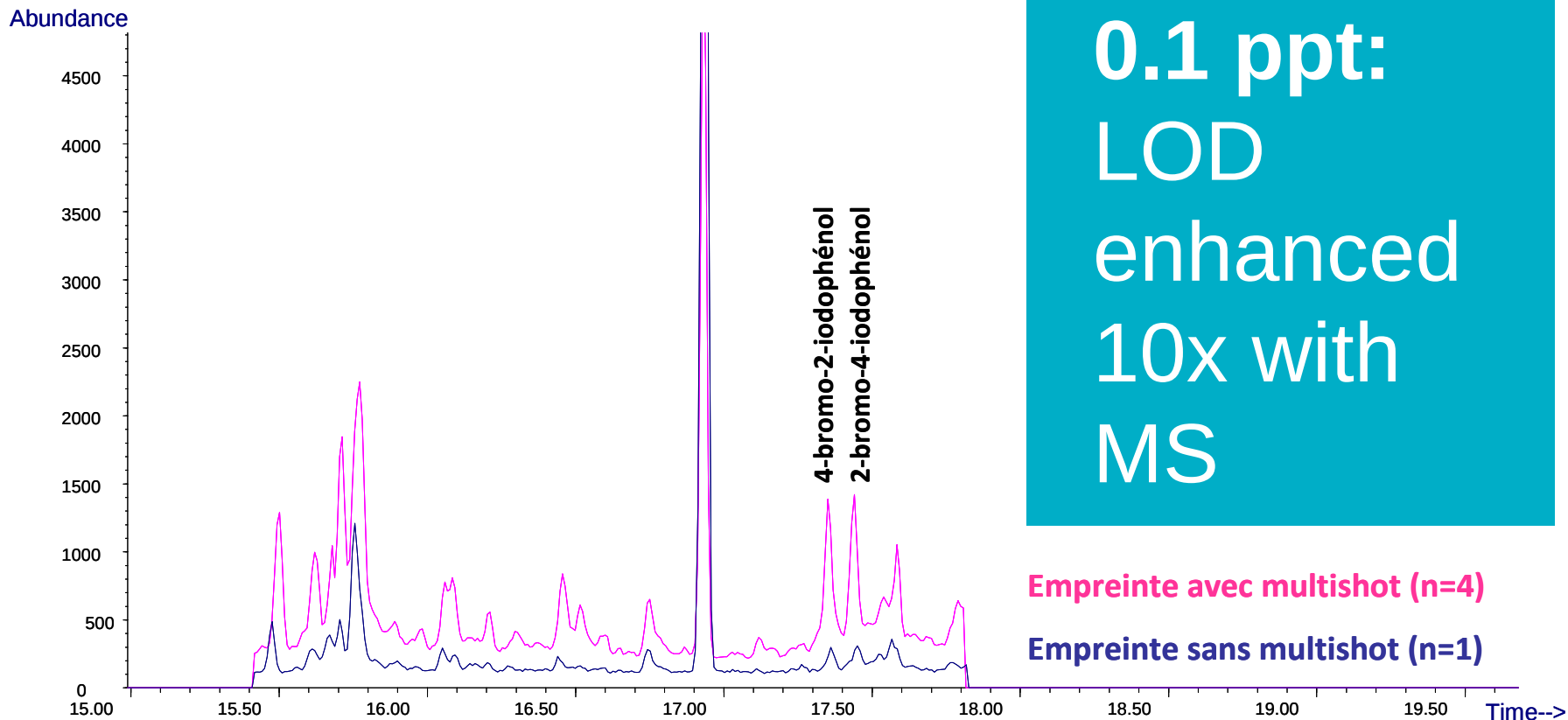


SBSE optimization: multishot



4
shots

SBSE optimization: Sensibility enhancement with multishot



Ion m/z 298 with & without multishot

Standard mixture of iodinated phenols @ **0,1 ppt level**

SBSE optimization: thermal desorption

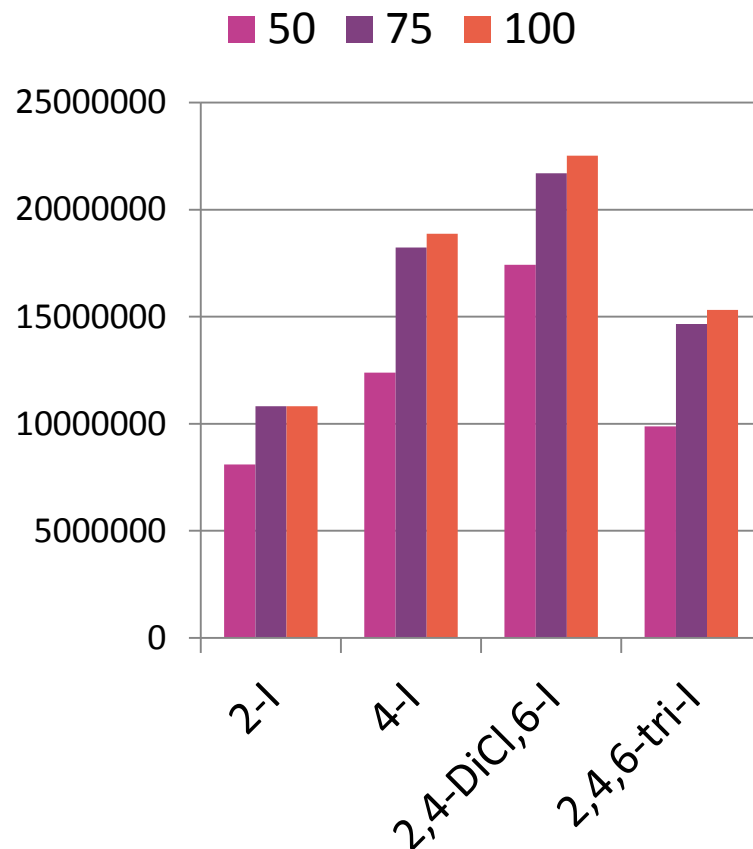
Desorption temperature



250 °C

desorption temperature

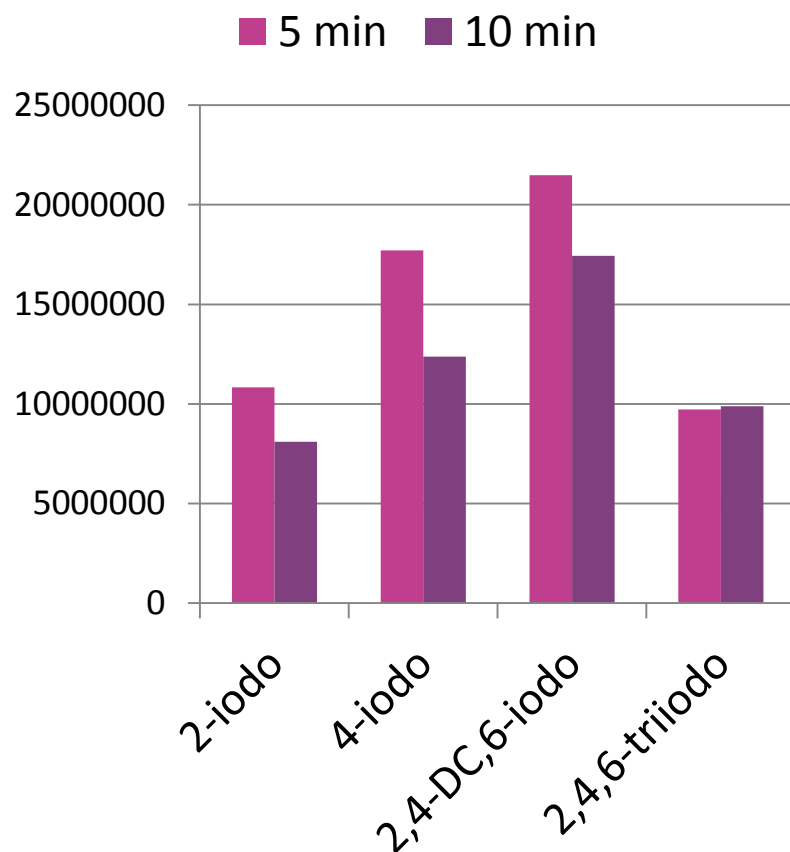
Desorption flow



75 mL/min

desorption flow

Desorption time



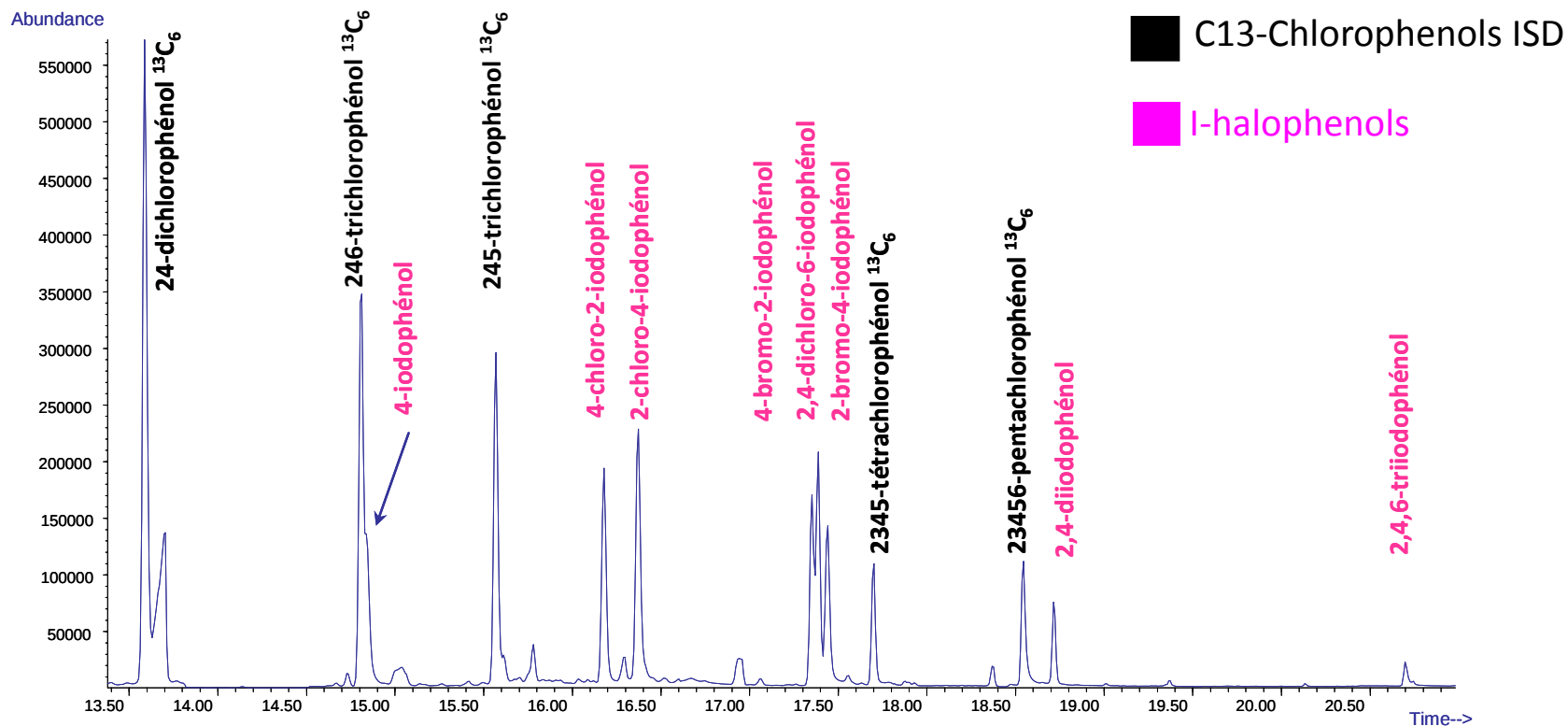
5 min desorption flow
-75°C cryofocalisation

SBSE optimized conditions

Step	Parameter	Optimized Value
Extraction	PDMS volume	127 μ L (20 mmx1 mm e.f.)
	Sample volume	To be optimized
	Organic modifier (%)	no
	Chemical modification	Derivatisation with acetic anhydride
	Extraction time (min)	60 min
Desorption	Desorption temperature	250 $^{\circ}$ C
	Desorption duration (min)	5 min
	Flow rate	75 mL/min
	Cryofocalisation temperature	-50 $^{\circ}$ C



Chromatogramme of the standard mixture

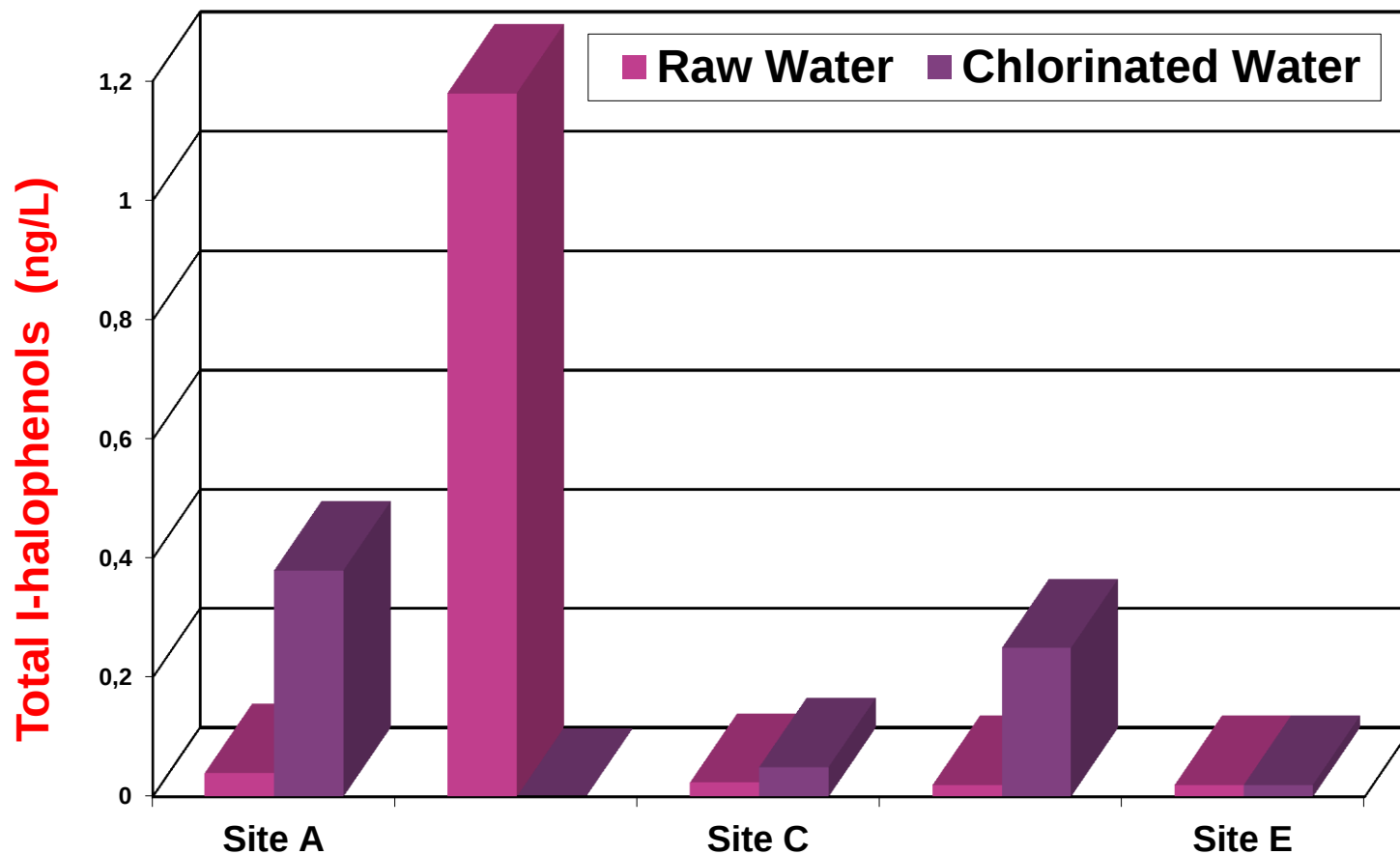


Standard mixture of iodinated phenols @ 10 ppt level multishot (n=4)

Application to real and model waters

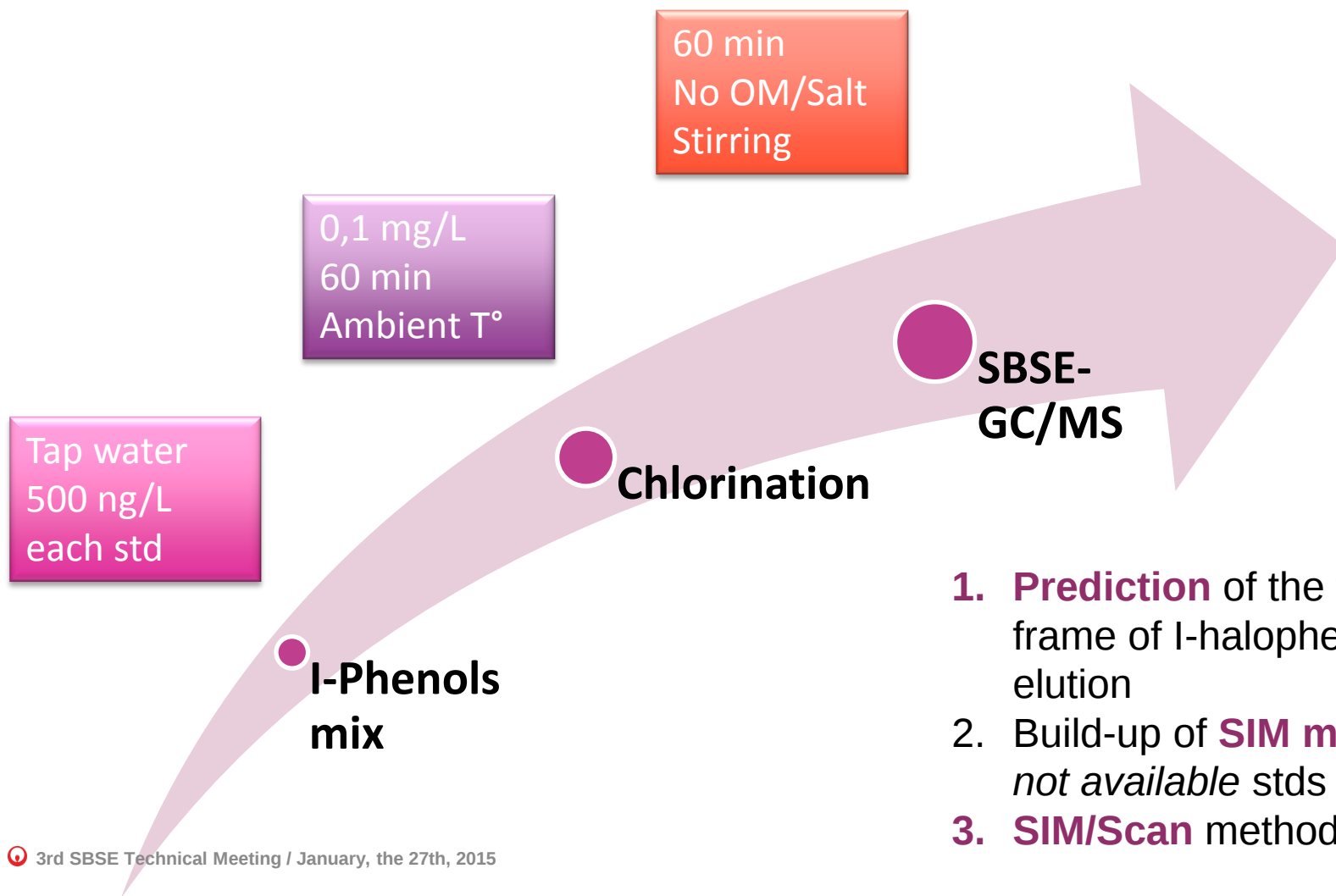
Subtitle

Fate of I-halophenols: coastal natural waters

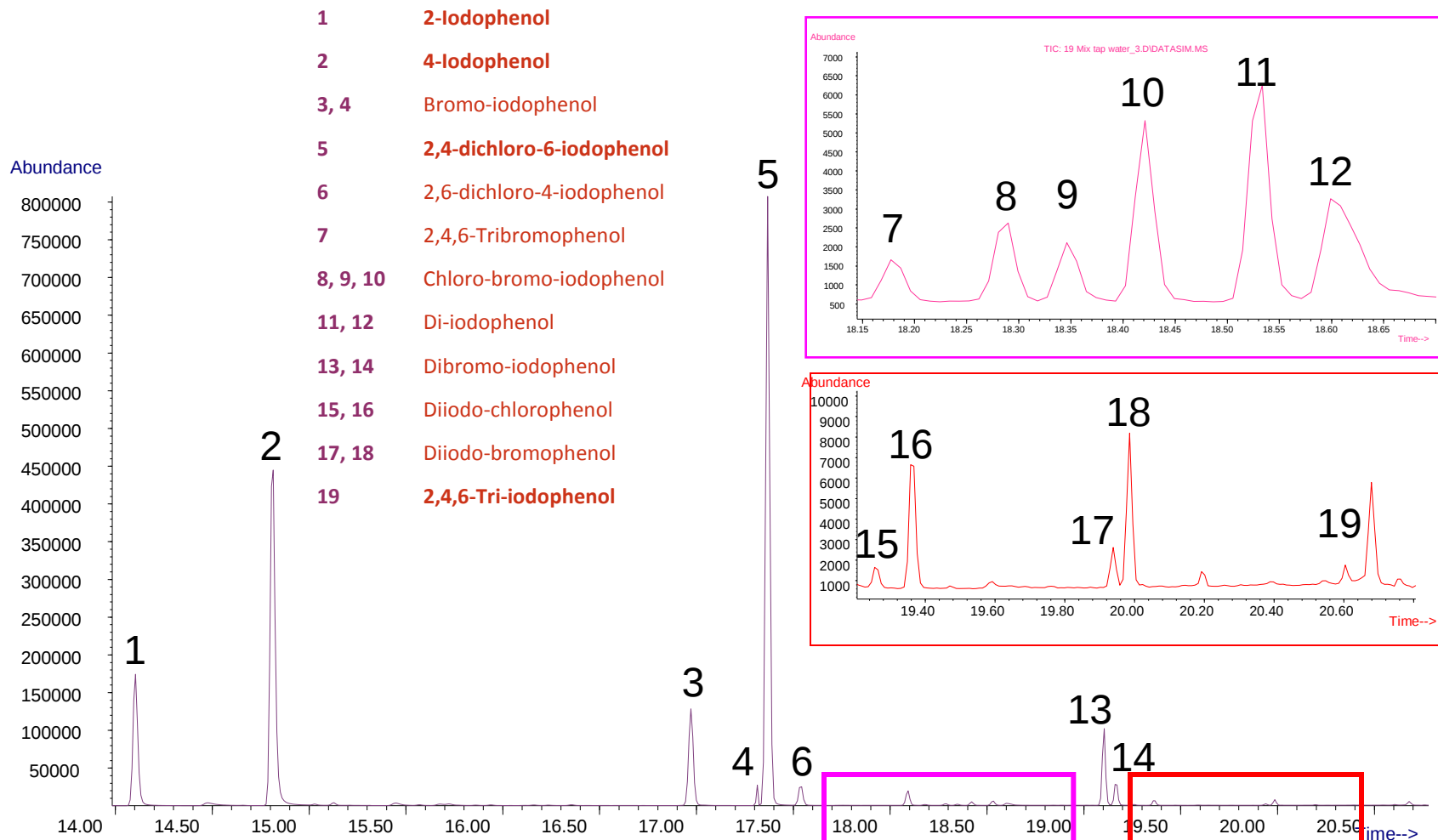


Very low abundance of I-Halophenol
Occurrence below 1 ppt level

Synthesis of I-halophenols: principle



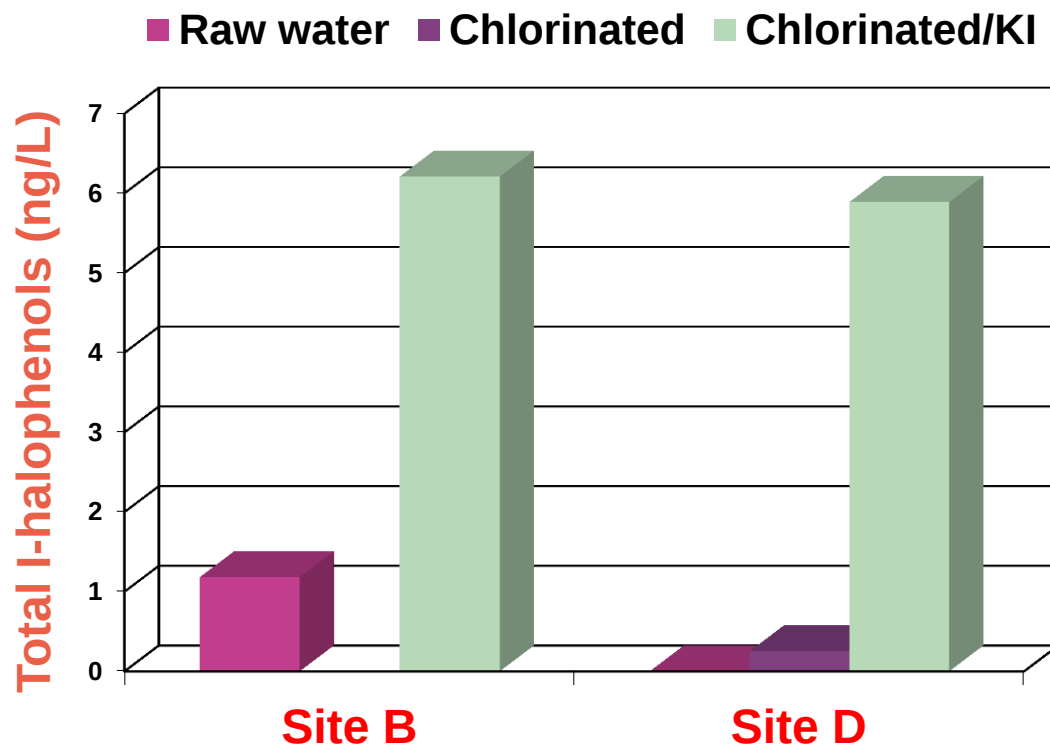
Synthesis of I-halophenols: results



Synthesis of I-halophenols: results

Pic N°	RT (min)	SIM (Isotopic ratio))	Formula	Compound
1	14.123	220, 262	C₆H₅OI	2-Iodophenol
2	14.815			4-Iodophenol
3	16.972	298 (100), 300 (98)	C ₆ H ₄ OIBr	Bromo-iodophenol
4	17.314			
5	17.368	288 (100), 290 (65), 292 (11)	C₆H₃OICl₂	2,4-Dichloro-6-iodophenol
6	17.532	288 (100), 290 (60), 292 (10)	C ₆ H ₃ OICl ₂	2,6-Dichloro-4-iodophenol
7	18.093	328(34), 330(100), 332(98), 334(32)	C ₆ H ₄ OBr ₃	Tribomophenol
8	18.290	332 (78), 334 (100), 336 (25)	C ₆ H ₃ OIBrCl	Chloro-bromo-iodophenol
9	18.346			
10	18.421			
11	18,533	346 (100)	C ₆ H ₄ OI ₂	Di-iodophenol
12	18,599	376 (51), 378 (100), 380 (49)	C ₆ H ₃ OIBr ₂	Dibromo-iodophenol
13	19.105			
14	19.161			
15	19.368	380 (100), 382 (33)	C ₆ H ₃ OI ₂ Cl	Di-iodo-chlorophenol
16	19.939	424 (100), 426 (98)	C ₆ H ₃ OI ₂ Br	Di-iodo-bromophenol
17	19,986			
(Scan)	20.682	472	C₆H₃OI₃	2,4,6-Triiodophenol

Fate of I-halophenols: model waters



Speciation of I-halophenol after Chlorination/KI

- **Site B**
 - 2,4,6-triiodophenol: **55 %**
 - 2,4-dichloro-6-iodophenol: **45 %**
- **Site D**
 - 2,4-dichloro-6-iodophénol

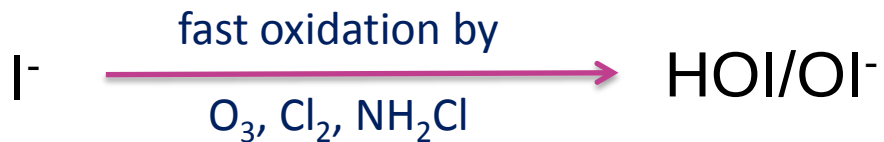
COT	12.6 mg/L	3.2 mg/L
UV	1.62	0.67

I-halophenols ~ 6 ng/L
Different products/Site

Implications for drinking water facilities

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- Kinetics of iodide oxidation in the disinfection of natural waters



Disinfectant	I ⁻ oxidation time	HOI half-life
O ₃	< 1 ms	0.19 – 3.7 s
Cl ₂	< 1 ms	8 min – 10 h
NH ₂ Cl	< 15 min	Long (> 1 y)

I_{org}:

- O₃: **Unlikely**
- Cl₂: **Limited**
probability compared to
Cl-DBP
- NH₂Cl: very
favorable

Conclusions & Outlooks

Subtitle

Conclusions

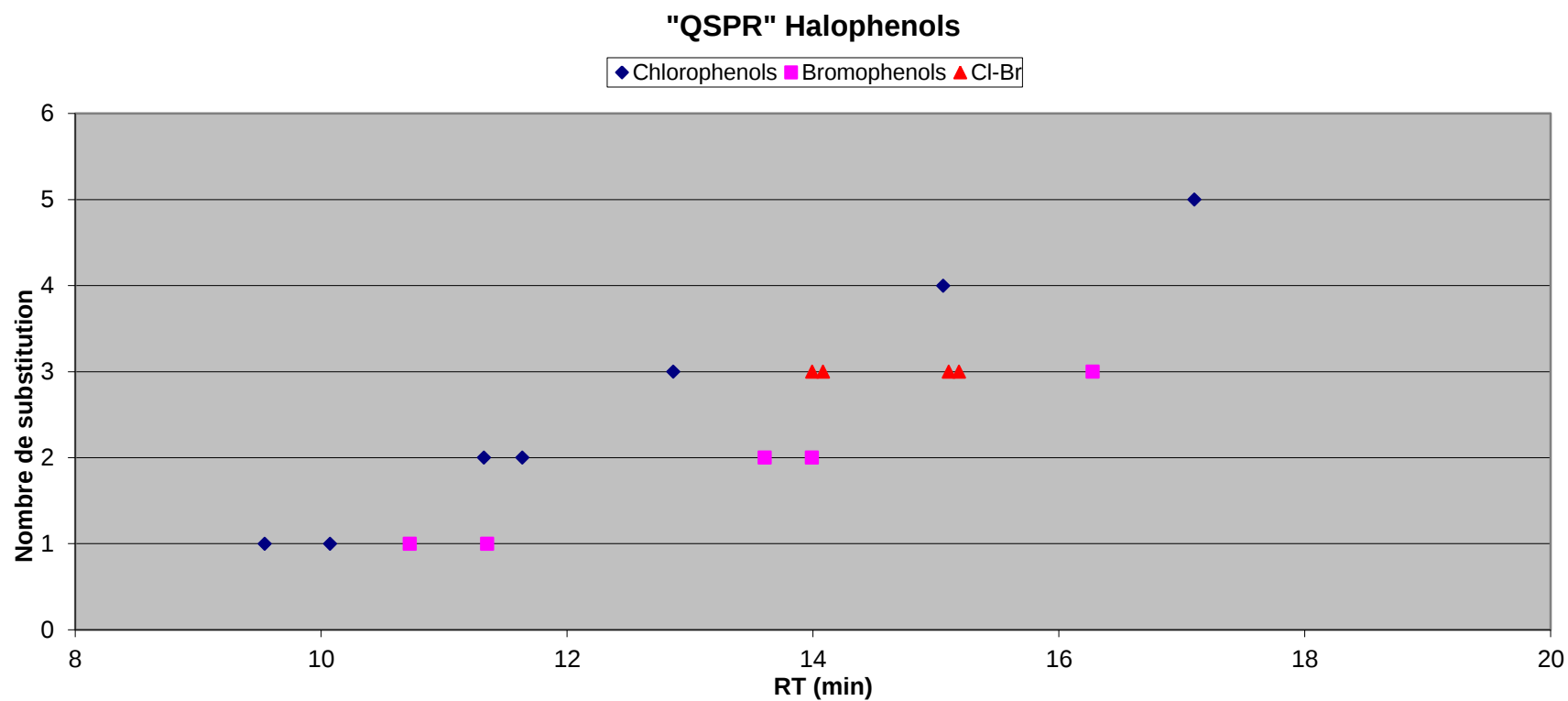
- Multishot SBSE-GC/MS for the monitoring of I-halophenols
- LOD equal to 0.1 ppt reached successfully
- Only 9 standard available
- Possible qualitativ screening of all the congeners by SIM/Scan method
- Low occurrence in natural waters
- Safe drinking water facilities

Evaluate the toxicity of the I-Halophenol class
Correlate the fate of I-halophenols to **I-THM**

Target I-halophenols

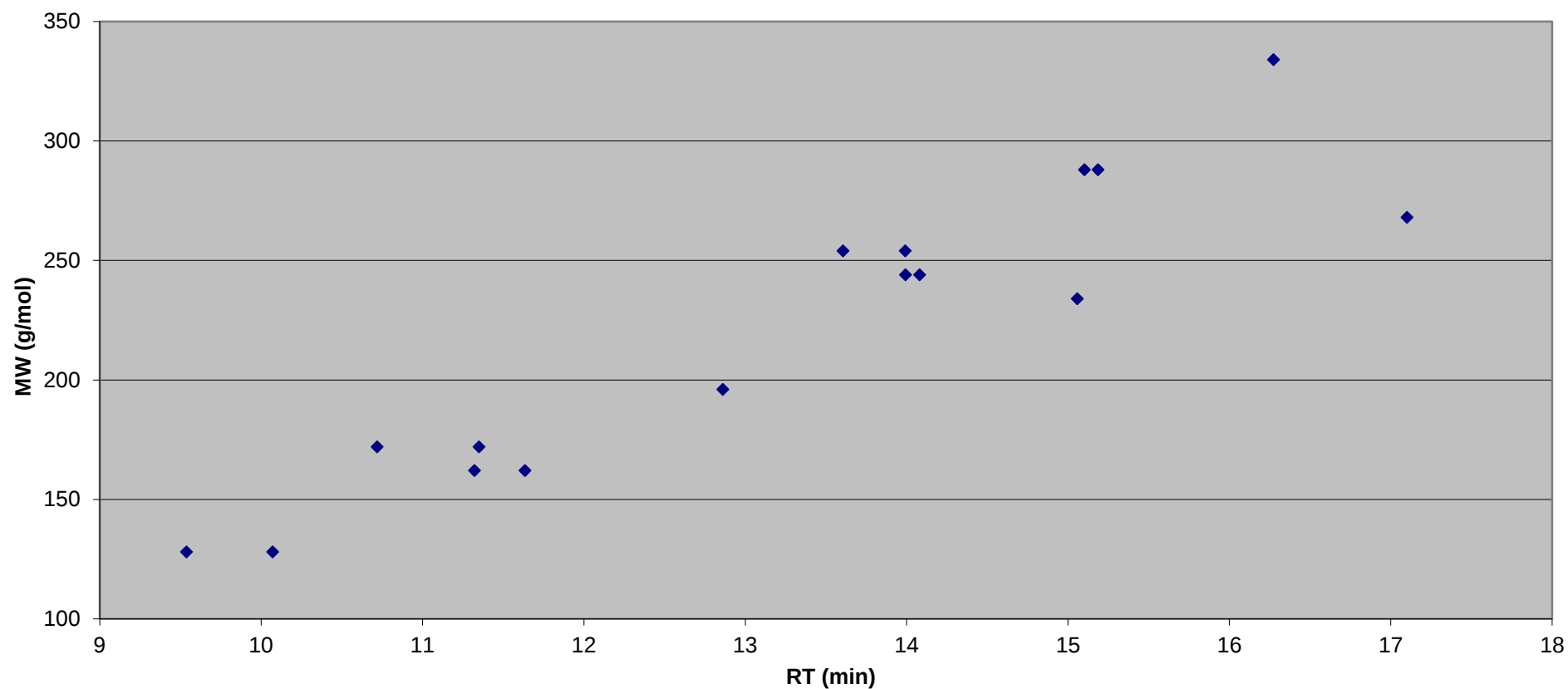
Iodinated Halophenol	Molecular Formula Nominal MW (g/mol)	Cl-Br ratios	Log K _{ow}
2-Iodophenol	C ₆ H ₅ OI (220)		2.68
4-Iodophenol			
6-Iodophenol			
2-Iodo, 4 -chlorophenol	C ₆ H ₄ OICl (254)	M: 100 M+2: 33	3.32
2-Iodo, 6 -chlorophenol			
2-Chloro, 4 - iodophenol			
2-Iodo, 4 -bromophenol	C ₆ H ₄ OIBr (298)	M: 100 M+2: 98	3.57
2-Iodo, 6 -bromophenol			
2-Bromo, 4 - iodophenol			
2,4 – Dichloro, 6 – iodophenol	C ₆ H ₃ OICl ₂ (288)	M: 100 M+2: 65 M+4: 11	3.97
2,6 – Dichloro, 4 – iodophenol			
2,4 – Dibromo, 6 – iodophenol	C ₆ H ₃ OIBr ₂ (376)	M: 51 M+2: 100 M+4: 49	4.46
2,6 – Dibromo, 4 – iodophenol			
2-Iodo,4-chloro,6-bromophenol	C ₆ H ₃ OIClBr (332)	M: 77 M+2: 100 M+4: 24	4.21
2-Iodo,4 –bromo, 6-chlorophenol			
2-Chloro, 4-iodo, 6-bromophenol			
2,4-Diiodophenol	C ₆ H ₄ OI ₂ (346)		3.86
2,6-Diiodophenol			
2,4-Diiodo, 6 - chlorophenol	C ₆ H ₃ OI ₂ Cl (380)	M: 100 M+2: 33	4.49
2,6-Diiodo, 4 - chlorophenol			
2,4-Diiodo, 6 - bromophenol	C ₆ H ₃ OI ₂ Br (424)	M: 100 M+2: 98	4.74
2,6-Diiodo, 4 - bromophenol			
2,4,6-Triiodophenol	C ₆ H ₃ OI ₃ (472)		5.01

Correlation RT and nature of halogen



Correlation RT & MW

RT = f(MW)



SIM method for I-halophenols

Composé	Temps d'élution (min)	Groupe SIM	Start time	Ions spécifiques (m/z)	Dwell
2-Iodophénol	14.197	1	10	220, 262	100
4-Iodophénol	14.898				
ICP et IBrP	Unknown	2	15.50	254, 256, 298, 300	50
2,4-Dichloro,6-iodophénol	17.451	3	17.30	288, 290, 292	100
IClBrP	Unknown	4	17.70	332, 334, 336, 346, 376, 378, 380, 380, 382, 424, 426	20
2,4,6-Triiodophénol	20.742	5	20.6	218, 472, 514	100